Abraham Lincoln FOR VICE-PRESIDENT. Andrew Johnson.

Supreme Judge Full Torm-Luther Day, Portage, Long Vacancy-Wm. White, Clark. Short Vacancy-H. Wilder, Ashtabura

Secretary of State, Wm. Henry Smith, Hamilton Attorney General, W. R. Blebardson, Mouroe

Comptroller, Moses B. Bratley, Fulton Board Public Works. Full Term—Phillip Heraing, Auglaire,

CONSUL GRNERAL TO CANADA .- John F. Potter, of Wisconsin has been confirmed as Consul-General to Canada, which place we believe has been filled since the death of Mr. Giddings, by the Vice Consul, J. A. Giddings.

GOVERNOR OF MONTANA .- Sydney E. Edgarton, of Akron, O., has been nominated by the President and confirmed by the Senate, as Governor of the Territory of Moutana.

The Senate's action on the bill amendatory of the Enrollment act on Monday last was a break the enemy's line at several poin's refesal, by three majority, to strike out the \$300 Commutation clause. The section to make the draft for one year was retained. The bill was recommitted to the Military Committee, a step arged by those hostile to the clause, to admit of a recovery of their energies.

The general belief is, that Congress will adjourn in about ten days. The House will sit guns are within a mile and a half of the for business every night, and brobably the Senate also. The Tariff and Internal Revenue Bills are the most important pending, and the completion of these will be the sequel for an Rebel works in front, but without success.

CALLED TO AN ACCOUNT. - Representatives in the house were invited one day last week by the Sergeant-at-Arms to furnish statements of their absence during the session, except when sick, that deductions might be made from their

Reports of absence will not probably affect the pay of many of our M. C's.

THE WHISKEY TAX continues to be a foot ball between the House and Scoate. While the House goes for taxing the stock on hand the Senate is for striking out. It is not a little curious to witness the tenderness of grave Senators upon this subject. What influence should thus be brought to bear on that body, that should fail in the house, it is not easy to see.

That they should stand in the way of the financial needs of the government, the representations and suggestions of the Secretary of Treasury which put the tax after July at \$1 50, and \$2.00 after January, and the convictions Senate by non-concurrence should be avoided by the House if possible, and that the bi'l be point, that its contemplated relief may be at once enjoyed.

### WAR NEWS.

Special to the Times, Headquarters Army of Potomac, Sanday 19th, 6 a. m.
No positive advantage has been obtained

over the enemy during the last 24 hours. There has been more or less fighting along the whole line-our right and left have been swung in something more than one mile, while the center has been advanced but little. Petersburg is surrounded by an abattis of Yankee ayonets within easy range of the city. And was quiet last night.

The Tribune's special from the Army of the Potomac, dated Sanday, June 19th, says: The fourth day of the battle Petersburg ended last night. We attacked three times, yesterday: Warren joined on the left and Gibbon's divisions, and the 2d division of Burn-Miles division of the 6th corps, and ndale's division of the 18th corps, swept up the river to within half a mile of the town. One more line and we will have the town, which we now semi-circumvolate to its last defenses. The Herald's special of the 19th, a. m., says

that at four o'clock this morning. Burnside's corps attacked the enemy's works on the left line and carried them after a severe and protracted struggle, capturing about 500 pris-oners, six excellent brass field pieces and two that were spiked. The Times' special says the exploit of a

and Petersburgh Railroad was a brilliant af-

force of 4000 advanced three or four miles directly in the teeth of Lee's veteran army, whom it succeeded in cutting in two, by destroying three miles of railroad, over which

while our men were destroying the railroad,

While our men were destroying the railroad, a picket force of rebels came down, but a mere handful of our men held them at buy till the work was accomplished. The picket was reinforced heavity and our men retired.

The Herald's special says, Hancock's old wound has been so troublesome that he was obliged to ask to be relieved. Ecqueat was granted, and Birucy has command of his corpalit is stated there are 30,000 rebel troops in ctersburg, and they are continually reinforced. The attack at 4 a. m., Saturday, by the 2d

corps, met but little opposition. Our troops passing over formidable works occupied by the enemy the day previous, and captured 50 or 60 prisoners.

Casualties on both sides were few.

Casualties on both sides were few.

We moved on and developed another line of rocks, about 500 yards beyond. Here the ebels made a stubborn resistance.

At noon a general advance of the 2d corps ras orsered. The assaulting force consisted f three brigades. The line rushed forward allently, but could not withstand the deadly re of musterry, grape and caunister, though they fell back, leaving their dead and wounded.

were thus made prisoners. The other column came up to our works bravely and under cover points, the enemy resisting s'ubbornly and of a battery admirably posted, drove our men into their entrenchments. They sprang over the works and a hand to hand fight ensued.

General Sigel reports from Martinsburg either in the cousting or foreign trade on the works and a hand to hand fight ensued. The muskets had been discharged on both first Michigan Sharpshooters were the men en-gaged on our side and about 125 were cap-tured. The rebels held possession till daylight

and then evacuated. The Times special of the 18th says :
The rebels on Friday night made a farious attack on Barnside's front and after a severe contest reoccupied the fort he had taken the

Previous morning.

This change in line has concentrated Beaure. gard's forces while it enables our troops to cover important approaches to the left and right and places the city within range of our gunsabout 1,400 yards. About 5 p. m. an advance was made apon the rebel lines to develop his position, which was accomplished with considerable loss in

WASHINGTON, June 20. Despatches from headquarters Army of the Potomac, 18th, say there was very severe the line. The most determined efforts were made to break the enemy's line. But little ground, however, was gained except on the left.

A dispatch from the headpuarters of the Army of Potomac, dated June 18, p. m. say; The figing yesterday was very severe along the greater part of the line, the most determined efforts being made to cept on the inner line on account of the advanced position gained by Ledie's division, of burnside's Corps, on Friday afternoon. The line of the Rebels is nearly in the form of a semi circle, the ends resting on the Appomattox River Petersburg being about the center. At some points of the line our city, which can be destroyed at any time with ease. The heaviest fighting occurred on the right center, where each division of These works are of the strongest character and the Rebel troops were massed behind them, and our men had to cross open fieldto ge! at them, exposed to a cross fire from the batteries so as to sweep the entire space. The last attack was made at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, by the 3d Division, under Gen. Mott, and the loss was probably heavier than in any of the other attacks.

The World's Special Washington dispatch of the 21st, says:

Intelligence from the front to yes erday oon is at hand. It is understood that Sheridan has already gone on another raid. Sanday night there was considerable skirmishing and heavy artillery firing, but no hing of importance resulted.

The demand for the surrender of Petersburg has been made and refused, and our artiflery have already shell d the plac . which is nearly deserted by the inhabitants. The Times' Special, from near Petersburg the 19.h, says:

The country may look for a demonstra-Mr. Chase requested that a dead look with the ry to other events of perhaps greater importance. The bombardment of Petersburg is set down for the opening step in suffered to take its passage by yielding the the ensuing week's operations. Birney has his artillery in excellent position at a range of from 1,200 to 1,400 yards from the beart of the city, and at daylight to-morrow the shelling will commence, provided the place is not previously surrendered by evacuation or negotiation, the former of

which will only be likely to occur. The arrival of Hunter with his force a the White House, together with Sheridan en route for this place to operate in our vicinity, has been efficially announced this his division. evening. Grant has determined to increase rather than diminish his force at this point. This evening Birney, commanding Hancock's corps, extended his lines so far as to occupy the ground on which our wounded

of yesterday's charge had since lain. The Petersburg & Danville Road is the only communication South left, and the swang around with a skirmishing front half a width of track differs from all others which a gramile at each advance taking one line of works will prevent the withdrawal of the rolling 11th. and pressing up to another and the last. Hancock and Burnside, in the center, found more
opposition. The former has gained half a
mile, the latter more. The loss in the last assault was particularly severe in Barlow's and is a virtual surrender of Richmond Let the timid be assured that the glorious cam

paigo of Vicksburg will find a parallel Lee's announced victory at Howlett was an attack on Foster's division, Butler's force, the 17th. Fields' and Pickett's divisions, Longstreets corps, charged Fos-ter's line driving his left and center back, though repulsed on every other position. Subsequently part of the original line was lost, but regained. To day the attack was renewed with infantry and artillery. A portion of our center was driven back, an advance ordered, and the enemy were driv-

We now hold our line triumphantly. Hancock's ccrps was repulsed by the en emy yesterday, when Burnside advanced succee ded in driving them from their position. To avoid flanking they abandoned the entire line and Hancock oc-

cupied it. The Herald's correspondent with Hunter under date of 14th says. The line of railroad between Chalottville and Lynchburg is destroyed effectually for two miles, thus cotting in two the rebel forces at these two places.

Wasmingron, June 224, 10 P. M. To Gen. Dix:-Dispatches from City Point at 4:30 this evening, report no fighting to day. Movements are in progress, however, which are not now proper for publication

The Richmond papers report an attack opon Lyuchburg; by General Hunter on ed, and we rejoice that Val. has come back Saturday, and that he was repulsed. It is to help secure that result. — Tribune. believed, however, that there was nothing more than a reconnoise and having ascertained the place to be strongly defended General Hunter withdrew and is operating on the enemy's communications at other

A dispatch from General Sherman, duted the 5th corps on Friday. The position lest night, making seven distinct position lest night, making seven distinct of Indiana, has alone savel us from a restable had fallen back to a second ley's division, and losing not less than 700, ley's division, and losing not less than 700, ley's division, and losing not less than 700. With the most ardent natures it is either the possession of the reilroad track.

White the most ardent natures it is either love or hate: there is no twilight in the

This appears to be the only advantage tillery fire, under which the position was the rebels made an attack at 10 a.m., brigade of 23d Corps is across Noses Creek or other tessel of the U.S. anylgating the brigade of 23d Corps is across Noses Creek or other tessel of the U.S. anylgating the brigade of 23d Corps is across Noses Creek or other tessel of the U.S. anylgating the brigade of 23d Corps is across Noses Creek or other tessel of the U.S. anylgating the on the right, but the rebel left is behind a swamp, and the rains prevent any advance of the U.S. anylgating the or other tessel of the U.S. anylgating the or

to-day that there is no touth in the statement of the Philadelphia Inquirer, of the ides and bayonet and stocks only were used. The 21st, in relation to a raid by Moseby Winchester is not occupied by the enemy, nor are the telegraph wires cut between this place and Harper's Ferry.

F. M. SVARTOR. Виничал Похрани, Ламе 20. · In all 21 pieces of artillery have been captured from the enemy in our assaults on the works at Petersburg, beside a large

number of prisoners. When the enemy withdrew his forces in front of Gen. Butler to reinforce Petersburg, Gen. Butler immediately sent out a force under Generals Terry and Turner which succeeded in destroying an important bridge and four miles of railroad track near

Walthall Junction. Earley's, late Laugstreet's corps crossed strong force, and was seen coming down the Petersburg turnpike as Gen. Butlers forces entered their works.

The James is blockaded a few miles befrom the rebel rams.

Jessee's Rebel gang, numbering from 20 to 30, attacked Bardstown, Ky., on Saturday morning. The garrison of the place, consisting of 25 men, surrendered. The Rebels then moved down the railroad, But little ground, however, was gained, ex and destroyed the bridge and water station near Boston.

SHERMAN'S PRISONERS -The number of Rebel prisoners captured by Sherman, during the present campaign, as efficially reported, is fifteen hundred.

The vote to abolish Slavery by Constitututional ameadments in the House on Wednesday, last week, stood thus; Yeas, 94 (90 Union Republicans four Demothe 2d Corps at different hours charged the crats;) Nays, 63 one unionist, James M. Ashley of Ohio and 62 Democrats and Border-State men. Mr. Ashley voted at first affimatively, but in order to be able of from two to four hundred vards in extent to move a recorsideration, he changed to the other side. Of course, no one will suspect that he actually stands in the Pro-Slavery crowd ) The Democrats voting Yea, were Joseph Baily of Pennsylvania, A Griswold and Moses F. Odell of New York, and Ezra Wheeler of Wisconsin. There were 11 Unionists and 14 Democrats absent or not voting. Had all these voted he will be forwarded there. By command the figures would probably have stood, of Yea, 107, Nay, 75. Frank Blair was ousted on the day of the vote, his seat hav ing been awarded to the contestant, Sam uel Knox, Union.

Among the Ohio delegation voting against the Bill we notice, Geo. Bliss, Samuel S. Cox, Wm. E Finek, Wm. Johnson, Frank C. Le Blond, Alex, Long J. F. McKinney, Jas. R Morris, Warren of the great body of the representatives is tion shortly which will greatly change the T. Noble, John O'Neill, George, H. Penat least inexplicable. It is understood that aspect of affairs at this point, as prelimina- dleton, Chilton A. White, and Joseph W Wbi'e.

The Rebel Col. Chenowith, accompanied flag of truce, with the design of arranging is appreciated by their rebel allies : with Gen. Burbridge for an exchange of prisoners captured in the revent Rebel raid. necticut, Vallandigham, Reed, Wood, Richtien. Burbridge refused to recognized the ardson, and hundred of others, are as hosflag, priested the three Rebels, and ordered Gen. Hobson to the command of

The Smith Brothers, hardware dealers and naval contractors at Biston, were arrested on Filday of last week and sent to Fort Warren for swindling the Govern- tions and precedents of constitutional lib-

The colored people of New-Orleans had a grand Emancipation Celebration on the

CHICAGO, - A lively struggle has for some ime convulsed the inner circles of the Opposition with regard to the time of holding their Presidential Convention at Chicagothe ' Peace' faction wishing to do up the work on the 4th and 5th prox by the nomination of McClellan and Guthrie, or some such ticket. That portion of the managers who feel that the party could not hope to win on that tack, should not if it could, have been trying hard to postpone the Convention to some day late in August or early in September; but we believe they have failed. It now seems that the desired postponement will not be ordered; or, if it should be, that the order will be disregarded This is bad for the party; but it may, for that very reason, be good for the coun-

And so, while we regard their struggle with interest' we cannot determine which faction we would wish to triumph at Chicego. If the thorough Copperheads, who cry Peace, but mean reconstruction on the basis of a Jeff Davis triumph and the Confederate Constitution, shall have their own way, their triomph will weaken and imperil the Government, but will insure the overwhelming defeat of their party. If, on the other hand, those who are quite as eager for peace, but who do not seek it through a Rebel triumph, shall prevail, and nominate a ticket of lighting Generals, or one such for President, we shall have a far more arduous and equal Presidential contest; the Repblic will in any event be safe. On reflection, therfore-prefering the safety of the Republic to the easy and overwhelm ing triumph of any party, we choose that the Vallandingham faction should de floor-

Thursday Jone 16th 1864. Indiana politicians at Washington in regarded with great concern the concurrence of the evil events of Vallandigham's return and Morgan's raid, coupled with the genresterday evening 8,30, states that it has oral and secret arming of the Copperheads rained almost incessantly, spite of which, of Indiana, and the recent withdrawal from our base have pressed forward steadily and that State of immense numbers of Unionists that an important position has been gained by General Howard. The The enemy made a desperate attempt to re-take this the defeat of the scheme for a new invasion of Indian has been for a new invasion.

The assault was followed by a heavy ar- tropics.

those frontiers, and they are in every other ative to Poland. respect liable to authorized and licensed NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. The President has also approved and signed the act to prohibit certain sales of

### Gold and Foreign Exchange, commonly called the Gold Bir. Will the Negro Fight.

There is a complete concurrence of tes timouy as to the superb courage of the negro troops at the storming of the Petersburg intrenchments on Wednesday. The dispatches to the War Department refer to them as assaulting and carrying the rifle pits with great gallantry, and add: hardest fighting was done by the black troops. The forts they stormed were the worst of all. After the affair was over, Gen. Smith went to thank them, and say the James River near Drury's Bluff in he was proud of their courage and dash. He says they cannot be exceeded as sol-diers, and that hereafter he will send them into a d fficult place as readily as the best white troops. They coptured six out of the low Drury's Bluff to prevent a surprise sixtoen cannon which he took. The accounts of all the newspaper correspondents are of the same tenor. The facts are beyoud question. The division which carried this praise was the division of Gen. Hinks, part of Gen. Butler's command. The repeated testimony on this point, is settling metry effectually the question of the courage and steady gallantry of the negro.

#### One of Gen. Butler's Sharp Things.

A correspondent of the N. Y. Tribune tells the following in a recent letter from General Batler's Headquarters .

C. C. Pearson and James Leary, formerly billiard and liquor-saloon keepers and gamblers in Norfolk, having smuggled themselves from Norfolk to Bermuda Landing without passes, were recently brought efore the Commanding General, who issued the following order :

HEADQUARTERS DEP'T VA AND N. C. ) IN THE FIELD, June 12, 1864. C. C. Pearson having sunggled himself within my lines, contrary to law and without a pass, on board the gunboat Pink, Ensign Kendrick, master, and being, by his own statement, able bodied and with out any business, is ordered to be set to work in the trenches until further orders o supply the place of a soldier who has other occupation. There being constant employment for him in Gen. Hink's line,

Maj Gen. BUTLER The same order was issued in the case of Leary. One of them pleaded that he had served under the General at the be ginning of the war. "Very well," said the General, "serve with me now at the end of it." Pearson begged off, telling the General to remember his family in Norfolk. "Well, I am not doing anything to disgrace your family." "But they won't know what has become of me." 'True, Davenport, print this order in the Norfolk papers, and then his family can see where he is."

#### Rebel Bullets and Copperhead Ballots.

The following, from the Atlanta (Ga.) by Charlton Morgan and a number of John Register, must be cheering to our Northern Margan's staff, came into Lexington, Ky., Copperheads. It shows them that their on Thursday with Gen. Hobson under a part in the work of destroying the Union

Ex President Pierce, Seymonr, of Contile to the war as they are to Black Republicanism. These men are doing as indirect service. They are not openly and avowed ly our friends, nor could we reasonably ask this of them. But they are not our bloody enemies. United against Mr. Lincoln and his wicked policy, breasting the power of an overwhelming majority, firm to the tradierty, this noble band of patriots is striving to erect a break-water that shall arrest the surges of the unloosed deluge. If they do no more than resist the centralization of Mr. Lincoln, that far they are worthy of our respect and sympathy. If they hold up the banner of State rights, that far hey are advocating a sentiment entitled to

our admiration. Such is the course they are pursuing, and such a course ought to have our cordial approbation Step by step the same convictions and the same temper that have braced them in compact unity and fiery valor, to denonnce ultra Federalism and New England fanaticism, will inevitably bring them upon the right ground as it respects our independence. We confess our faith in their pelitical principles. We confess our confilence that eventnally these men will see the whole truth and embrace all its conclusions.

We can gain nothing by denouncing them. We may lose much by presenting a hostile front to their peace movements. Live with them under the same govern ment we never will. But, meanichile, i they will use the ballot box against Mr. Lincoln while we use the cartridge box, each side will be a helper to the other, and both co-operate in accomplishing the greatest work which this century and the continent have ever wit

The New York express train for Boston via Springfield, Monday afternoon, when about one mile north of Berlin Station, met with an accident caused by the expansion of the track rails. The two rear cars of the train were thrown from the track down so embankment, and badly broken up. Some thirty-five persons are reported to be injured, mostly by braises.

Lieut.-Col. Enoch Lewis, of Gen. Bir. ney's staff, son of Commissioner Lewis, of the Internal Revenue Bureau, was severely wounded in the arm at Cold Harbor.

THE NEW LOANS .- The amount subscrib-d to the new loan was \$69,500,000 -The total bids of four per cent premium and upward was \$44'000.000.

A ship of war is to be sent from Vera Cruz to Havana to convey with all possible honor to the Mexican shores Santa Anna in his new capacity of Field marshal to the Empire. It is expected that the Austrian frigate Nevara-the same in which the Emperor and Empress came over the oceanwill be selected for the duty.

An attorney is the same thing to a bar-With the most ardent natures it is either rister that an apothecary is a physician, love or bate: there is no twilight in the with this difference, that your attorney does not deal in scruples.

The president has approved and signed | It is said that Secretary Chase stated to condent with the 9th corps, across Noonday Creek on our left and one by which it is provided that any boat, sloop, the expenses of the Government for the

> Embassador from Rome. This is regarded General Sigel reports from Martinsburg either in the coasting or foreign trade on with the recent Allocation of the Pope rel-

> > Internal Revenue Licenses I ICENSES running from May 1, 1864. to May 1, 1860, are now ready at my office for delive-ry. All persons requiring licenses, will remember that the penalty for doing business without them, is three times the amount of the license tax. HENRY FASSETT, Collector. Ashtabula, June 23, 1864.

> > The Cayuga Chief MOWER AND REAPER! WE Offer the above Machine to the Farmers of North Eastern Ohio, as the very best Single and Combined Machine ever manufactured. The murket is full of very good Mowers, and very good Reapers and we should not feel that we had any good reason for adding another to the list, unless we could produce a machine better adapted to the wants of the farming community than any other now in use. This we claim to have time, and if a fair trial will not support this claim, we will not ask farmers to buy our muchine.

Among the many merits of this machine, we can here men-

lat It is constructed wholly of iron and Steel. 2d in mowing it cuts 4 feet 4½ inches in width, and in Reaping it cuts 4 ft 5 inches.

3d The finger har is flexible, and conforms to the surface of aneven ground.

4th The finger bar can be raised by the driver sufficiently to pass all obstructions. to pass all obstructions.

5th Each guard finger has a ledger or cotting plate in its face which can be removed at any time for grinding.

6th The finger bar and cutters can be folded to the side of the machine with their points downward, and the machine can be transported on its own wheels at pleasure. 7th It works equally well as a Mower and Reaper.

This machine is manufactured and sold by Reynolds & Co-Aurers, Cayaga county, N. Yerk. For sale also, by P. L. BRANCH, Saybrook Station. James T Hanra, Plymouth, J. Southwell, Harpersfield, R. L. Griffith, Austintury, Ashtabula county, and Jacob Swartz, Vernon, Trombuli County, Ohio.

### Independence Party.

SOCIAL PARTY, will come off at A Smith's Hall, on Monday Evening the 4th of Ju'y prox. by and on behalf of the Firemen of Ashtabula. Refreshments served at the Ashtabula House.

ETTERS Remaining Unclaimed in the at Office at Ashtabula, State of Ohio, June 23, 1864 :
Alton—Mira Allica
Birch—Mrs Wealthx
Baidwin—R S
Baidwin—R S
Sharp—Milo Stewart—S R
Sharp—Milo
Strous—I,
Sharp—Simon C
Sill—Aaron
Tripp—C E—2
Told—Mrs M
Talcott—H Baldwin—R S
Boardman—Henry P
Boardman—Henry P
Boynton—D T
Coon—Monroe
Coles—Geo H
Levy—Itaniel
McHurre—Geo
Nichols—J L
Norton—Lorrenzo
Pratt—Miss Netty
Ryan—Cassius
Persons calling for the above, will please say—Advertised.
H. HARRIS, P. M.

### Warner's Pinolea,

SHOULD be possessed by every man and woman in the country. Being more volatile, it is operior to Bemnie or Napuha, for Removing Grease Spots,

and is much more sgreeable to use, as it is not only roid a that horrible seent, but por-seases an agreeable and pleasa odor, supplying the place of cologue or other perfunery. It has a greater affinity for oils than any known sub-tanc and hence unites with them immediately, and evaporate leaving the garment entirely free from spot or stain. How many valuable diess coats are thrown saide as useless because of greasy collars or cuffs! How many hats, caps, glores, dresses, carpets and garments of all descriptions are valueless from the same cause, all of which can be saved with one bottle of the Pinolea.

The following are some of the many testimonials received from distinguished excitement.

MR. M. R. WARNER- Dear Sir; You ask me to give my candid opinion as to the merits of your Pholea. This I cheerinly do. I have used it during the past year, and can honestly say that I would not be without it for ten times its cost. It acts like magic in removing grease that may chance to fall upon upon a garneot. A cost whose collar has become so solled as to give a shabby appearance to the whole dress, by the use of the Fincela, may be entirely cleansed and made to appear like a new coat. There is not that objection to the use of the Fincela that obtains against most other detergents. Instead of a nauseous odor, it has the performe of berganot, but by exposure to the sun and air, all odor soon vanishes. It administers to ones comfort, saves his money, and makes him respectable. Yours, &c.

A. JUDSON HARRETT, A. M.
Principal of Kingsvilla Academy.

Principal of Kingsville Academy.
Such commendations, coming from such men as the above are truly distering. Many others infight be added, but the article speaks for steel?

Address M. R. Warner,

### Herrick & Brother

have just received.

Linen Carpet Warp,

in all respects equal to the Best COTTON WARP, and for about one half the price.

# -ALSO

PATENT FRUIT JARS,

150 dozen of these splendid

successfully used by the citizens of this vicinity last year. These Jars are decidedly Economical, and unturpassed by

any thing now in use. Try them!

# Enrolled Militia.

ACDITON'S OFFICE, ASSITABLIA CO., O.

Jefferson, June 10, 1884.

NOTICE is bereby given to all persons enrolled in the militia of the asycral townships of said County that they are required by law to pay into the County Treasury From Bollans commutation on or before the 15th day of August next or to file certificates of exemption with the County Auditor before that time, and failing so to do they will be analysed to the collection of said sum together with thirty per cent penalty and such cost as are allowed County Treasurers upon distrain for taxes which the auditor is required to collect by distress.

Said law provides that "every person physically disabled "County Auditor on or before the 15th day of August a state-ment of a reputable physician or surgeon certifying that such "person is unit for military duty by reason of such physical "disability or bodily infirmity, which shall be described in "eaid statement. This statement to be verified by the affida"rit of said physician or surgeon."

Property of every kind without exception is liable for the payment of fines, commutations, and cost.

755 24

### Internal Revenue!

U. S. Assesssor's Notice!

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons Concerned, that the lists, valuations and soumerstions made and taken within the County of Ashtabuts, in the
State of Ohlio, under the act entitled—"An Act to provide
Internal Revenue for the support of Gerscoment and to pay
interest on the pullic debt, approved July 1, 1862, and the
Act amendatory therefor, approved March 3, 1865, may be exsmined at the office of the Probate Judge, in the township
of Jefferson, in said county of Ashtabuta, for fifteen days
from and including the 22d day of June, 1864, between the
hours of 9 o'clock, a m, and 5 o'clock, p m, of each day.

Anseals will be received and determined relative to any Appeals will be received and determined relative to

All appeals must be roade in writing, and specify the partioniar cause, matter or thing sespecting which a decision is
requested, and must also state the ground or principle of laequality or error complained of.

HORACE Y. BEEBE, Assessors

But Collection District of Obio.

Revenus, O. June 10th, 1864.

31755

### Village Ordinance. RE it Ordained by the Mayor, Recorder and Trustees of the incorporated Village of Ashtabula Section 1. That a tax of one mill on each dollar valuation the real and personal property within the limits of the orporation, be, and the same is hereby levies for general orposes for the year A. D. 1864. F. SHLIMAN, Mayor. Attest, EDWARD H. FITCH, Recorder. Ashtabula, May 23d, 1864. St755

CAME into the inclosure of the subscriber on or about the lat inst., a light red cow of medium size, and some

FINE Perfumery and Toilet articles

Combined Mower and Reaper. NOTICE is Given to the Farmers of

machines of

Combined Renpers and Mowers,

with Johnston's Automatic Fower Rake attached, which re
quires but one man to drive and rake the grain. The Rake
controlled by the driver, and delivers a bundle whenever h

Also, Johnston's celebrated Two-wheeled Mower, with as Also, Johnston's self-sustaining Horse Hay Fork. All of which will be sold for each or approved notes on time. An examination of the machines is invited by all who wish a first class machine. They can be seen at my house at North Bend, Saybrook.

June 8, 1864.

754

## THE EAGLE MOWER.

King of the Meadow-Herrington's Pat'nt. WE take this method to inform the

Farmer's of Ashtabula County, that this justly celebrated Mower, is on hand and for sale the subscriber on the Lake Shore, and may also be seen a Jeck's, opposite Ashtabula Depot. This Machine has ma new and useful improvements, among which we mention Ashtabula, June 14, 1864 EILAS COOK,

Drugs! Drugs!

### H. A. Hendry

Druggist and Apothecary, HAS Purchased the stock of Drugs

> Medicines, Paints, Varnishes. Dye Stuffs,

Teas, Coffee, Spices, &c., &c., &c., &c.

Physician's Prescriptions and Family orders neatly and accurately prepared.

My pairons can be assured that no pains will be spared to render all transactions satisfactory.

H. A. HENDICY.

Ashtabnia, June I, 1864. ARRIAGE MANUFACTORY & DEPOT

## WHAT THE

W. G. BENHAM has at length perfected his busi call for most of the

Various kinds of Pleasure Vehicles, having a number now finished up and ready for delivery, be sides a large quantity of work in various stages of progres which may be completed upon very short notice, when pr creat. Orders will be received for new work of any particular style r pattern. With a full supply of the best hands to be found in the waith a full supply of the best hands to west, in the matter of taste or style, of excellence of material, or the fidelity and onesty with which his work is put together. Of the truth of these statements, any one may satisfy himself by personal Repairing of all kinds, done with promptness, and on satisactory terms.

WM .G. BENHAM. Ashtabula , Dec. 1863.

#### . THE GREAT American Tea Company,

51 Vessey Street, New York, its organization, has created a new era in the history of SELLING TEAS IN THIS COUNTRY.

A LL our Teas are selected by a Prefes A fessional Teas are selected by a Preigs-fessional Tea-taster, expressly and exclusively for us, and we never charge over two cents (02 cents) per pound above cost for original packages.

We have but one price to every one for each quality, and that price is always marked on each sample package at our

We have but one price to every one for each quality, and that price is always marked on each sample package at our store in plain figures.

We issue a Mouthly Price List of our Teas, which will be sent free to all who order it—we advise every tea-seller to see it. It complies a full assortinent selected for every locality in the States, Provinces, South America and the West Indies. In this list each kind is divided into Four Classes or qualities, manuely: Cargo, Bigh Cargo, Fine, Finest, that every one may understand from description and the prices annexed that the Company are determined to undersell the whole tea-trade.

We guarantee to sell all our Teas in original packages at not over Two Cents per jound above cost, believing this to be attractive to the many who have heretofore been paying Enormous Profits.

Our business is largely done on orders, which we always execute as well and prompily as though the bayer came himself, giving time weights and tares, and always guarantee ingercy thing; our responsibility enabling us to do all we promise. Every dealer can order his teas direct from the Company, and parties doing business within Five Bundred (600) miles of New York, can return Tea bought of us if they are not cheaper than they can buy elsewhere, and the purchaser is dissatisfied with his bargain, within fourteen duys (14) and have the money refunded them. Those who are over Five Hundred miles can have thirty (30) days, and the same privileges extended to them.

Besides three advantages the Company will pay all expenses both ways, if the Teas are returned.

GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY,

GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY,
Importers and Jobbers.

### U. S. 10-40 Bonds.

These Bonds are issued under the Act of Congress March 8th, 1864, which provides that all Bonds issued under this Act shall be EXEMPT FROM TAXATION by or under any sta e or municipal authority. Subscriptions to these Bonds are received in United States notes or notes of National Banks. They are TO BE REDEEMED IN COIN, at the pleasure of the Government at any period not less than ten nor more than forty years from their date, and until their re-demption FIVE PER CENT. INTEREST WILL BE PAID IN COIN, on Bonds of not over one hundred dollars annually and of on all other Bonds semi-annually. The interest is payable the first days of March and September in each year.

Subscribers will receive either Registered or Coupon Bonds as they may prefer. Registered Bonds are recorded on the books of the U.S. Treasurer, and can be transferred on only the owner's order. Coupon Bonds are payable to bearer, and

their Bonds draw interest from March 1st, by paying the ac notes of National Banks, adding fifty per cent, for premium,) or receive them drawing interest from the date of subscription Exempt from Municipal or State Taxation

Subscribers to this loan will have the option of baying

their value is increased from one to three per cent. per annum, according to the rate of tax levies in various parts o At the present rate of premium on gold they pay

### Over Eight per cent. Interest.

in currency, and are of equal convenience as a permanent or temporary investment.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements e lenders as the various descriptions of U. S. Bouds. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties or stock companies or separate communities only is pledged for payment, while for the debts of the United States the whole property of the country is holden to secure the pay-ment of both principal and interest in coin.

These Bonds may be subscribed for in sums from \$50 up any magnitude, on the same terms, and are thus made equally vallable to the smallest lender and the largest capitalist Ther can be converted into money at any moment, and the holder will have the benefit of the interest. It may be useful to state in this connection that the total

Funded Debt of the United States on which interest is payable

in gold, on the 3d day of March, 1854, was \$768,965,009. interest on this debt for the coming fiscal year will be \$45,-987,126, while the customs revenue in gold for the current final year, ending June 30th, 1864, has been so far at the It will be seen that even the present gold revenues of the Government are legely in excess of the wants of the Treasury for the payment of gold interest, while the recent increase the tariff will doubtless raise the annual receipts from customs on the same amount of importations, to \$150,000,000 per annom. Instructions to the National Bar's acting as loan agents were not issued from the Urined States Tree dry until

tions averaged more man TEN MILLIONS A WEEK. Subscriptions will be received by the Prist National Bank of Clereland, O. Second National Bank of Clereland, G. and by all National Banks which are depositation of Public money, and all RESPECTA-BLE BANKS AND BANKERS throughout the country (acting as agents of the National Depositary Banks,) will furnish further information on application and 7522m

THE best quality of Carbon Oil at

Notice of Filing Petition. State of Ohio, Ashtabula County—In the Court Com. Pleas Russel W. Cross,

Sirena A. Cross. SIRENA A. Cross. )

CIRENA A. CROSS, whose place of residence is reknown, is notified that Russel W. Cross, did on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1804, die his petition is the office of the Cierk of the Court of Common Plens, within and for the County of Ashbabula, and State of Ohio, charging the said Sirena A. Cross with adultery with one Ass. W. Fideld, and saking that he may be divorced from the said Stream A. Cross, which petition will shand for hearting at the sext term of said court.

RUSSEL W. CROSS,
41756. P Dated Ashtabula, June 9th, 1864. his Attornet

#### Executors Sale of Land. Ashtabula County as Probate Court.

Executors of Nathan Strong dee'd ys.

The beirs & legatese of mid Nathan. IN pursuance of an order issued by said Court in the above entitled cause, the said Executors, on The 29th and 30th days of June, A. D. 1864 between the hours of 10 o'clock, a. m. and 7 o'clock p. m., wil 5 offer for sale at jubic vendue on the premises, about thirty six acres of land situate in the townsh of Ashabola in said County. Being the East part of the farm occupied by said Nathan at the time of his decease, lying south of the North

lige Road.

The said land will be sold in lots according to a Plet now

The said land will be sold in lots accorded. And all lots ly-Dated May 28' 1864.

GET your Coal Oil Lamps at

HENDRY'S DRUG STORE Lime! Lime!!! Lime!!!

will keep a plentiful supply of good fresh burnt Lime. lease give us a call. H. HUBBARD & CO. Ashtabula Harbor, April 20, 1864 747 SUGAR MILLS AND EVAPORATORS. CLARK'S Sorgo Machine Co's Mills &

THE subscribers have now on hand and

Cook's Sugar Evaporators for sale at manufacture prices, Send for "Sorge Hand Book" or call and see, Ashtabula, April 1864. 745 LUCE & STRONG. BUFFALO and CLEVELAND ALES Wholesale and Retail—in barrels, half barrels, or by the gai on, by TOMBES & WETHERWAX.

Dry Goods! Dry Goods! the attention of

CASH BUYERS is invited to the examination of the

# Spring Stock

& Gilkey

WE are somewhat behind in the ana as full and complete as a full and complete as

Smith

Spring Cloaks and Cloakings, Shawls, Hosiery, and the Very Best article in market of

Hoop Skirts.

Bleached and Brown Cottons and Cottonades. All goods for Men and Boys wear. Cassimers, Vestings, &c. Fine Black Gro de Rhine, Poulle de Soui and

Repp Silks, Poil de Chine, Oriental Stripes. Alpaceas Mozambiques in Scotch Plaids, Mozambiques in Plain Tans Mozambiques in Plain Black.

White Goods! Damask Cloths, Table Linens, Hemstiched Handkerchiefs, Plain and Towelings, Crash, Plain and Striped Swiss. Nanesook Checks, Sun Umbrellas from 75 cts. to \$4 00 :

Crockery of the celebrated Fumioal make and warranted in every particular. ALL are invited to examine our Goods and PRICES. The highest price in CASH paid for Butter. Ashtabula, May 26, 1864. SMITH & GILKEY.

NEW MILLINERY! WE have just returned from New York Stock of Millinery,

which we feel confident will meet the wants and taste of the Ladies of this vicinity, consisting of FLOWERS, RIBBONS, SH.KS, LACES, and STRAWS GOODS, which we offer at Wholesaic and Retail. A good as ortuent of Trimmed Bon-nets, Hats, Caps, and Headdresses of the latest styles kept constantly on hand. Bleaching and Repairing Bounets done to give entire satistaction. We also keep an assortment of fancy GOODS, WILLOW WARE, &c.

In the brick store one door north of the Fisk House ormerly occupied by Mrs. Wilcox.

Ashtabula, April 20 747 Mrs. B. H. MERRIAM. To Farmers and Horse Breeders of Ashtabula County. C. CULVER has imported one of the C. CULV Fix this imported one of the state of thic, being the same Breed of the fast trotting horse Spile Driver, owned by J. C. Culver, and sold by his in Chicago for one dollar a pound. This house is seven years old and dapple gray color, of Messenger and Durock breed and seventeen hands high beautifully formed and weight twelve hundred and fifty pounds. It will be for your interest to see him before engaging elsewhere.

J. C. CULVER.

Ashlabdia, April 28, 1804

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Plows! Plows! Plows! FARMERS TAKE NOTICE! THIS is the last season you will have for

Iron Beam Plow at only No. 2 Warren Plow " 11 00 " 22 Curtis " " Common Plow Points of all kinds 50 Cutter do Remember the place to do this is at

Talcott's Foundery in Jefferson, or of his agents,

Talcott & Dodge in Geneva, C M Wilkins Conneaut, E Bailey & Bro Rock Creek, A Canfield Palmer Kobeets & Herrick Richmand. Roberts & Herrick

I have a large stock of Plow, on har,
of introducing them prelly thoror, and for the purpose
county, I am going to give the 'ghly in every town in the
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hereafter for a great 'thing I shall not be able to
Jeffer ware, Iron, Stoven, Tin, and manufacturer of
Jeffer won, O. April 9 1864.

748

### Cyrus Avery.

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware, WOULD announce to the public, that wite the care of M. G. Dick, three doors south of the Bank, for all kinds of Jobbing, and work in his line. which will be attended to with promptness and in a workman White manuer.

From ten years experience in Eastern and Western cities, and any amount of "country practice," he has the failest countries that he can give satisfaction to all.

Tin Roofing, Setting of Hot-Air Furnaces, March 26, but in the first three weeks of April the subscrip-

will receive special and ready attention.

All kinds of Ware will also be kept constantly on hand for Wholesale and Relail. Stores, and Store Parmiture, Hollow Ware, Tio and Copper Boilers, Tea Keities and Store Pipe, kept on hand and made to order.

Old Copper, Brass, Iron, Rags, and CASH, taken in archangs.

C. AVERY.

change. Ashitabula, Ohio, March 4, 1973. AFFORD EVERY FACILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Guttering and Eve-troughs,